# Assessing the research profile of highly productive authors of Pakistan

Nazia Wahid Dr Nosheen Fatima Warraich



### Introduction

 Research performance is outcomes of researchers' accomplishments for the attainment of understanding and knowledge.

- The intentions of these evaluations are;
  - Stimulating research productivity and impact.
  - Assessing the outcomes of research grants.
  - Planning for further improvement and policy making decisions.

- One of the effective approaches for the assessment of scientific research performance is *Scientometric analysis* that offers measures for investigating main aspects of scientific activities by means of quantitative and statistical techniques.
- Scientometric studies have been commenced predominantly towards understanding the research growth and patterns in recent years.

# Research Objectives

To analyze the publication and citation patterns of highly productive Pakistani authors.

To find out the patterns of collaboration among highly productive Pakistani authors.

 To examine the application of scientometric research evaluation indicators as a measure of research productivity for the most productive authors of

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## **Literature Review**

Databases Search

- Web of Science
- SCOPUS
- Google scholar

**Keywords Search** 

- Publication productivity
- Scientific performance
- Academic research performance
- Scientific productivity
- Research Performance Evaluation

# Research Methodology

Data Sample Data Data Data Source Selection **Verification Retrieval Cleaning Selection** 

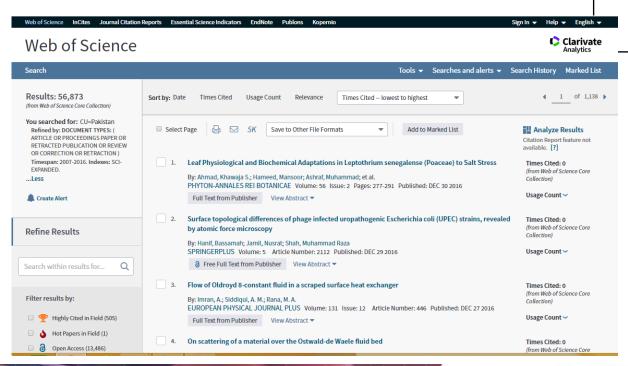
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## Research Methodology

#### **Retrieval of Data:**



Advanced search field= (CU)
Pakistan
Document Type= (Article OR
Proceedings Paper OR Review OR
Corrections)
Time Span= 2007-2016

Rank	Organization	Record Count	
1	Quaid-e-Azam University, Islamabad.	7513	
2	COMSATS Institute of Information Technology	6181	
3	University of Agriculture, Faisalabad	5180	
4	University of the Punjab, Lahore	4518	
5	University of Karachi, Karachi	4064	
6	Agha Khan University, Karachi	3165	
7	National University of Science and Technology	2776	
8	Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan	2482	
9	University of Peshawar, Peshawar	2172	
10	Government College University, Lahore	2159	

- Scientometric measures
- Collaboration measures

**Demographic Information** 

Description	Frequency		
Gender			
Male	87		
Female	13		
Sector			
Private	1		
Public	19		
Discipline			
Life Science and			
Biomedicine	44		
Physical Science	52		
Technology	4		
Academic Rank			
Meritorious Professors	4		
Professor	57		
Associate Professor	26		

**Assistant Professor** 

13

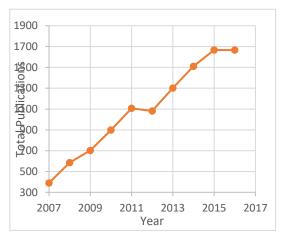
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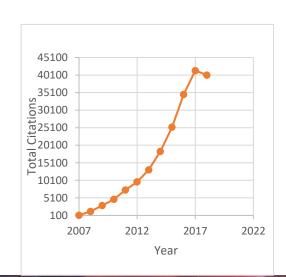
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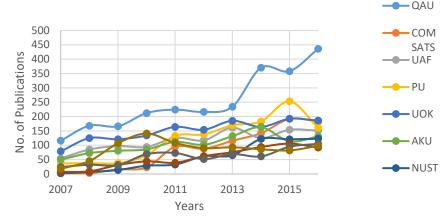
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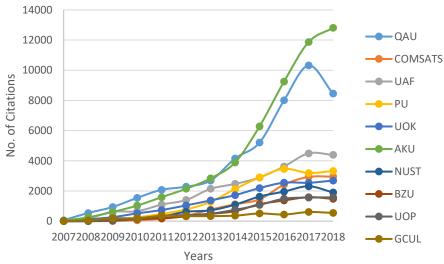
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## **Publications & citations growth**









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Document Type	Record count	Citations	Citations per publications	
Article Type Article	10200	169916	16.66	
Article Type Proceedings Paper	93	991	10.66	
Article Type Review	573	27645	48.25	
Article Type Corrections	41	84	2.05	
	Article Type Article Article Type Proceedings Paper Article Type Review	Article Type Article 10200  Article Type Proceedings 93  Paper  Article Type Review 573	Article Type Article  Article Type Proceedings Paper  Article Type Review  573  10200  169916  991  991  27645	

## Collaboration

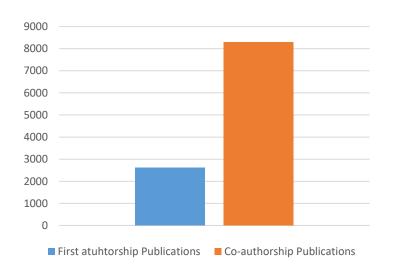
S/N	Publications	Publications	Citations	Citations per publications
1	Single - Authored Publications	0.94%	0.87%	16.77
2	Double -Authored Publications	9.62%	8.97%	16.99
3	Multi - authored Publications	89.44%	90.16%	18.36
4	Institutional collaborated publications	24.19%	18.50%	13.94
5	International collaborated publications	47.17%	63.70%	24.61
6	National collaborated publications	28.65%	17.81%	11.33

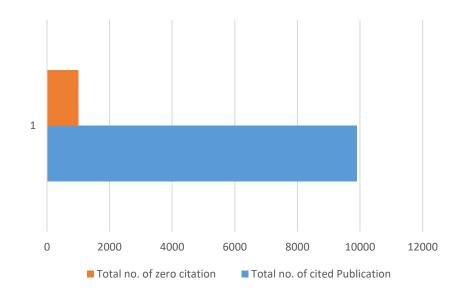
## Collaborations

- The propensity to collaborate increases double fold from 33% in first five year period to 66% in the next.
- The propensity to collaborate at national and institutional level declined
- This intensity is increased at international level from 37% in first five year period to 51% in the next five years.

#### **First Author Publications**

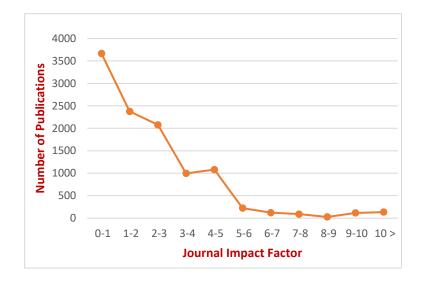
#### **Zero-cited publications**



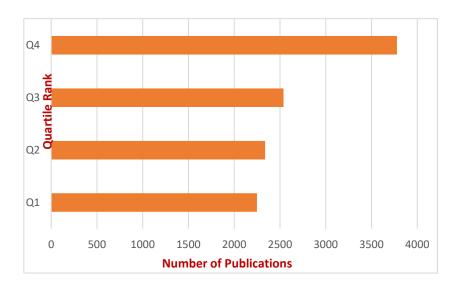


1	Funded	5540	103073	18.6
2	Non-	5367	95563	17.8
	Funded			

#### **Journal Impact Factor**



#### **Quartile ranking**



# Application of scientometric research evaluation indicators

Author	h-index	g-index	r-index	m-index	p-index	hg-index	q2-index
I	81 (1)	185 (1)	173.5 (1)	132(1)	154.7(1)	122.4(1)	103.4(1)
П	70 (2)	95 (2)	86.5 (2)	91(2)	85.7 (2)	81.5(2)	79.8(2)
Ш	41 (3)	58(5)	52.8 (6)	61(5)	52.9 (4)	48.8(3)	50 (3)
IV	37 (4)	58(5)	52.9 (5)	57(7)	46.1(9)	46.3(5)	45.9(4)
V	36 (5)	62 (4)	57.5 (4)	58(6)	51.4(5)	47.3(4)	45.7(5)
VI	35 (6)	50 (10)	45.7(10)	53(8)	44.7(10)	41.8(7)	43.1 (7)
VII	33 (7)	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII	33(7)	-	-	-	-	38.5(10)	38.1(10)
IX	32(8)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Х	32(8)	51 (9)	46.3(9)	-	-	40.4 (8)	38.7(9)

Note: The authors rank based on the measure is given in parenthesis

## Conclusion

- Productive authors make efforts to increase their publications. A steady increase of overall citations of all the productive authors was observed.
- Most of the publications of the authors are from the result of collaboration. The inclination of the authors towards collaboration is indicator to the improvement of research in country
- The high visibility of the research as reflected in the low proportion of uncited publications.
- Variation was found in the position of authors among the performance measures since only two authors retained the same position in all metrics.



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# Thank you

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